

PROPER SHRUB PRUNING

The Growing Season

During the summer growing season, shrubs are lush, healthy and blooming. When cool fall and winter temperatures set in, our desert shrubs slow their growth dramatically. During roughly November through April, the shrubs on our properties are seasonally pruned to reduce their size before the next year's growing season. Some landscape management providers choose to shear shrubs into shapes such as: cones, balls, flat tops and beer kegs, throughout the growing season. The advantage to the landscape provider is that employees need little training, knowledge or supervision to simply shear every plant on the property each time they are in an area. This practice is detrimental to the health of the plant as the plant requires more water to recover the lost foliage.



Seasonal pruning stimulates natural growth and produces more blooms

Proper Pruning

DLC Resources, Inc.'s approach is different. Our Seasonal Shrub Renovation Program consists of trimming shrubs back to roughly half their size. On some species, like the Red Bird of Paradise, even more

pruning is needed. This type of pruning permits plants to grow back into their space during the following growing season. Shrub renovation allows residents to enjoy the seasonal color of common area plants because they are not being trimmed during their flowering season. Shrubs that encroach on streets or sidewalks, or obstruct lines of sight at intersections and near road signs, are pruned as necessary to ensure safety.

Sage



This healthy Sage reached its peak size at the end of the growing season.

After Seasonal Prune



Shrub renovation cuts plants, like this Sage, back to roughly half their peak size.

Natural Growth



This Sage was renovated in the fall. It is growing naturally in its allotted space.



Constant shearing and manicuring with hand shears on flowering plants throughout the growing season results in declining health and fewer blooms.



SHRUB PRUNING SCHEDULE

Summer Flowering Plants		Should be pruned in the cooler months to the extent of the following season's growth. Normally a shrub would be sheared in half.										
Plant Species	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Bursage												
Creosote												
Devil's River												
Emubush												
Fairy Duster												
Hop Bush												
Jojoba												
Myrtle												
Oleander												
Ruellia brittoniana												
Ruellia peninsulae												
Sages												
Cassia**												
Globe mallow												
Natal Plum												
Salvia greggii												
Valentine												
Winter/Spring Flowering Plants		Should be pruned after they flower, but before daytime temps reach 100. Prune to the extent of the following season's growth. **May need to be renovated more than once a year										
Acacia berlandieri												
Bougainvillea												
Brittle bush												
Cape honeysuckle												
Chuparosa												
Cordia												
Dalea frutescens												
Dalea greggii												
Lantana												
Orange Jubilee												
Red bird of paradise												
Yellow Bells												
Yellow dot												
Paperflower												
Verbena												
Selectively Prune		At the base to remove interfering stems; can be performed throughout the year as necessary										
Desert spoon												
Desert milkweed												
Ocotillo												
Red/Yellow yucca*												
Selectively Prune Flower Stalks		At the base to remove unsightly seed stalks. Remember Flower Stalks										
Plant Species	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Angelica daisy												
Chaparral sage												
Penstemon												
Red/Yellow yucca*												
Shear as Required		May require warmer month shearing to maintain shape and prevent interference										
Bougainvillea												
Acacia redolans												
Dalea greggii												
Myoporum												
Trailing desert broom												
Trailing rosemary												
Let It Be		Prune/shear: If when the plant causes interfering problems, or becomes unsightly - cut to ground level										
Deer grass												
Fountain grass												
Regal mist												

